UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE) \boxtimes QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarter ended September 30, 2020

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(c	d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
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For the transition period from

to

Commission file number: <u>001-38835</u>

TRINE ACQUISITION CORP.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware	83-2044042
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
405 Lexington Aver New York, New (Address of principal of	York 10174

(212) 503-2855

(Issuer's telephone number)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Units, each consisting of one share of Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value, and one-half of one redeemable warrant	TRNE.U	The New York Stock Exchange
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	TRNE	The New York Stock Exchange
Warrants to purchase Class A common stock	TRNE.WS	The New York Stock Exchange
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing redicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every \$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter per redicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accompany. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller"	requirements for the past 90 days. ery Interactive Data File required iod that the registrant was required excelerated filer, a non-accelerated f	Yes ⊠ No □ to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T to submit such files). Yes ⊠ No □ filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth
Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer □	Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
f an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has electrocounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box	eted not to use the extended transiti	on period for complying with any new or revised financial
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Ru	ule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Ye	s ⊠ No □
As of November 16, 2020, 30,015,000 shares of Class A common stock, \$0.000 putstanding.	01 par value, and 7,503,750 shares	of Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value, issued and

TRINE ACQUISITION CORP.

FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

TRINE ACQUISITION CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019
	((Unaudited)		
ASSETS				
Current assets	•	05.616	Ф	120 522
Cash	\$	87,616	\$	138,533
Prepaid income taxes		242,620		242,620
Prepaid expenses	_	81,792	_	190,917
Total Current Assets		412,028		572,070
Security deposit		23,800		23,800
Marketable securities held in Trust Account		305,409,720		304,528,924
Total Assets	\$	305,845,548	\$	305,124,794
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities - Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,675,310	\$	303,190
Convertible promissory note – related party		1,285,415		_
Deferred tax liability		_		35,655
Deferred underwriting fee payable		10,505,250		10,505,250
Total Liabilities	_	14,465,975	_	10,844,095
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 7)				
Common stock subject to possible redemption, 28,129,612 and 28,504,462 shares at redemption value as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively		286,379,569		289,280,690
Stockholders' Equity				
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		_		_
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 1,885,388 and 1,510,538 shares issued and outstanding (excluding 28,129,612 and 28,504,462 shares subject to possible redemption) as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively		189		151
Class B convertible common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 7,503,750 shares issued and outstanding at				
September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019		750		750
Additional paid in capital		5,214,852		2,313,769
(Accumulated deficit)/Retained earnings		(215,787)		2,685,339
Total Stockholders' Equity		5,000,004		5,000,009
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	305,845,548	\$	305,124,794

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRINE ACQUISITION CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2020		2019		2020		_	2019	
Operating costs	\$	3,040,133	\$	510,526	\$	4,047,981	\$	1,181,659	
Loss from operations		(3,040,133)		(510,526)		(4,047,981)		(1,181,659)	
Other income:									
Interest income		27,625		1,754,117		1,111,200		3,756,180	
Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities held in Trust Account		_		(178,078)		_		24,710	
Other income		27,625		1,576,039		1,111,200		3,780,890	
(Loss) income before benefit from (provision for) income taxes		(3,012,508)		1,065,513		(2,936,781)		2,599,231	
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes		51,898		(223,758)		35,655		(545,838)	
Net (loss) income	\$	(2,960,610)	\$	841,755	\$	(2,901,126)	\$	2,053,393	
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted (1)		9,095,586		8,854,332		9,054,242		8,158,050	
		7,073,380		0,034,332		7,034,242		0,130,030	
Basic and diluted net loss per common share (2)	\$	(0.33)	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.42)	\$	(0.11)	

- (1) Excludes an aggregate of 28,129,612 and 28,603,405 shares subject to possible redemption at September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- (2) Net loss per common share basic and diluted excludes interest income of nil and \$1,241,074 attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and \$934,253 and \$2,940,055 attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively (see Note 2).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRINE ACQUISITION CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Class A Co		Stools	Class P. Co.		Stooly	Additional	(Accumul Deficit	:)/	Total
	Shares		nount		Class B Common Stock Shares Amount		Paid in Capital	Retaine Earnin		Stockholders' Equity
Balance – January 1, 2020	1,510,538	\$ \$	151	7,503,750	\$ \$	750	\$ 2,313,769	\$ 2,685	_	\$ 5,000,009
Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption	38,111		4	_		_	(239,724)		_	(239,720)
Net income									9,716	239,716
Balance – March 31, 2020	1,548,649		155	7,503,750		750	2,074,045	2,925	5,055	5,000,005
Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption	43,187		5	_		_	180,223		_	180,228
Net loss	_		_	_		_	_	(180),232)	(180,232)
Balance – June 30, 2020	1,591,836	\$	160	7,503,750	\$	750	\$ 2,254,268	\$ 2,744		\$ 5,000,001
Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption	293,552		29	_		_	2,960,584		_	2,960,613
Net loss	_		_			_	_	(2,960	0 610)	(2,960,610)
Balance – September 30, 2020	1,885,388	s	189	7,503,750	\$	750	\$ 5,214,852		5,787)	\$ 5,000,004
	THREE AND	NINE	MONTHS	ENDED SEPTE	EMBE	R 30, 2019				
	Class A Con	nmon S	Stock	Class B Con	nmon	Stock	Additional Paid in	(Accumul Deficit Retains	t)/ ed	Total Stockholders'
Delever Leaves 1 2010		nmon S		Class B Cor Shares	nmon A	Stock mount	Paid in Capital	Deficit Retaine Earnin	t)/ ed gs	Stockholders' Equity
Balance – January 1, 2019	Class A Con	nmon S	Stock	Class B Con	nmon	Stock	Paid in	Deficit Retaine Earnin	t)/ ed	Stockholders'
Balance – January 1, 2019 Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses	Class A Con	nmon S	Stock	Class B Cor Shares	nmon A	Stock mount	Paid in Capital	Deficit Retaine Earnin	t)/ ed gs	Stockholders' Equity
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting	Class A Cor Shares	nmon S	Stock nount —	Class B Cor Shares	nmon A	Stock mount	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250	Deficit Retaine Earnin	t)/ ed gs	Stockholders' Equity \$ (18,693)
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses	Class A Cor Shares	nmon S	Stock nount —	Class B Cor Shares	nmon A	Stock mount	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358	Deficit Retaine Earnin	t)/ ed gs	Stockholders' Equity \$ (18,693) 283,067,360
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses Sale of 8,503,000 Private Placement Warrants	Class A Cor Shares — 30,015,000	nmon S	3,002	Class B Cor Shares	nmon A	Stock mount 750	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358 8,503,000	Deficit Retaine Earning \$ (43	ed gs 3,693)	Stockholders' Equity \$ (18,693) 283,067,360 8,503,000
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses Sale of 8,503,000 Private Placement Warrants Common stock subject to possible redemption	Class A Cor Shares — 30,015,000	nmon S	3,002	Class B Cor Shares	nmon A	Stock mount 750	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358 8,503,000	Deficit Retaine Earning \$ (43	e)/ ed gs 3,693)	Equity (18,693) 283,067,360 8,503,000 (286,510,242)
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses Sale of 8,503,000 Private Placement Warrants Common stock subject to possible redemption Net loss	Class A Con Shares — 30,015,000 — (28,636,988)	nmon S	3,002 ———————————————————————————————————	Class B Con Shares 7,503,750	nmon A	Stock mount 750 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358 8,503,000 (286,507,378) ——	Deficit Retaine Earning \$ (43	e)/ ed gs 3,693)	Stockholders' Equity (18,693) 283,067,360 8,503,000 (286,510,242) (41,421)
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses Sale of 8,503,000 Private Placement Warrants Common stock subject to possible redemption Net loss Balance – March 31, 2019 Change in value of common stock subject to	Class A Cor Shares 30,015,000 (28,636,988) 1,378,012	nmon S	3,002 ———————————————————————————————————	Class B Con Shares 7,503,750	nmon A	Stock mount 750 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358 8,503,000 (286,507,378) 5,084,230	Deficit Retaine Earning \$ (43	e)/ ed gs 3,693) 1,421) 5,114)	Stockholders' Equity (18,693) 283,067,360 8,503,000 (286,510,242) (41,421) 5,000,004
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses Sale of 8,503,000 Private Placement Warrants Common stock subject to possible redemption Net loss Balance – March 31, 2019 Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption	Class A Cor Shares 30,015,000 (28,636,988) 1,378,012	nmon S	3,002 ———————————————————————————————————	Class B Con Shares 7,503,750	nmon A	Stock mount 750 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358 8,503,000 (286,507,378) 5,084,230	Deficit Retaine Earning \$ (43)	e)/ ed gs 3,693) — — — — 1,421) 5,114)	Stockholders' Equity (18,693) 283,067,360 8,503,000 (286,510,242) (41,421) 5,000,004 (1,253,059)
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses Sale of 8,503,000 Private Placement Warrants Common stock subject to possible redemption Net loss Balance – March 31, 2019 Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption Net income	Class A Cor Shares 30,015,000 (28,636,988) 1,378,012 (27,430)	mmon S An	3,002 (2,864) 138	Class B Cor Shares 7,503,750	A S	Stock mount 750 — — — — 750 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358 8,503,000 (286,507,378) 5,084,230 (1,253,056)	Deficit Retains Earning \$ (43)	e)/ ed gs 3,693) — — — — 1,421) 5,114)	Stockholders' Equity (18,693) 283,067,360 8,503,000 (286,510,242) (41,421) 5,000,004 (1,253,059) 1,253,059
Sale of 30,015,000 Units, net of underwriting discount and offering expenses Sale of 8,503,000 Private Placement Warrants Common stock subject to possible redemption Net loss Balance – March 31, 2019 Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption Net income Balance – June 30, 2019 Change in value of common stock subject to	Class A Cor Shares 30,015,000 (28,636,988) 1,378,012 (27,430) 1,350,582	mmon S An	3,002 (2,864) 138 (3) 135	Class B Cor Shares 7,503,750	A S	Stock mount 750 — — — — 750 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Paid in Capital \$ 24,250 283,064,358 8,503,000 (286,507,378) 5,084,230 (1,253,056) \$ 3,831,174	Deficit Retains Earning \$ (43	e)/ ed gs 3,693) — — — — 1,421) 5,114)	Stockholders' Equity \$ (18,693) 283,067,360 8,503,000 (286,510,242) (41,421) 5,000,004 (1,253,059) 1,253,059 \$ 5,000,004

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TRINE ACQUISITION CORP. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		nths Ended mber 30,
	2020	2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (2,901,126)) \$ 2,053,393
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:	(2,501,120)	4 2,000,000
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	(1,111,200)	(3,756,180)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities held in Trust Account		(24,710)
Deferred income taxes	(35,655)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid income taxes	_	(392,351)
Prepaid expenses	109,125	(309,314)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,372,120	175,916
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,566,736)	(2,248,057)
·	<u> </u>	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Investment of cash in Trust Account	_	(300,150,000)
Cash withdrawn from Trust Account to pay franchise and income taxes	230,404	933,000
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	230,404	(299,217,000)
, j	200,101	(255)217,000)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from sale of Units, net of underwriting fees paid	_	294,147,000
Proceeds from sale of Private Placement Warrants	_	8,503,000
Advances from related party	_	150,000
Repayment of advances from related party	_	(150,000)
Proceeds from convertible promissory note – related party	1,285,415	
Repayment of promissory note – related party		(299,000)
Payment of offering costs	_	(416,797)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,285,415	301,934,203
	1,200,110	5 51,5 5 1,2 5 5
Net Change in Cash	(50,917)	469,146
Cash – Beginning	138,533	119,136
Cash – Ending	\$ 87,616	\$ 588,282
-	\$ 67,010	\$ 366,262
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Cash paid for income taxes	s —	\$ 933,000
	Ψ	\$ 755,000
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Initial classification of common stock subject to possible redemption	¢	\$ 248,644,071
	\$	
Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption	\$ (2,901,121)	9 39,960,988
Deferred underwriting fee payable	\$ —	\$ 10,505,250

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Note 1 — Description of Organization and Business Operations

Organization and General

Trine Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") is a blank check company incorporated in Delaware on September 26, 2018. The Company was formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses (the "Initial Business Combination"). The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Securities Act"), as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act").

Sparrow Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation, is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Merger Sub").

As of September 30, 2020, the Company had not commenced any operations. All activity through September 30, 2020 relates to the Company's formation, the initial public offering (the "Initial Public Offering"), which is described below, identifying a target business for an Initial Business Combination, and activities in connection with the proposed acquisition of Desktop Metal, Inc. ("Desktop Metal") (see Note 7). The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of its Initial Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company generates non-operating income in the form of interest income on cash and marketable securities from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering. On August 26, 2020, the Company entered into a proposed business combination with Desktop Metal, Inc. ("Desktop Metal") (see Note 7).

Sponsor and Initial Public Offering

The registration statements for the Company's Initial Public Offering were declared effective on March 14, 2019. On March 19, 2019, the Company consummated the Initial Public Offering of 26,100,000 units (the "Units") at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$261,000,000, which is described in Note 3.

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the sale of 7,720,000 warrants (the "Private Placement Warrants") at a price of \$1.00 per Unit in a private placement to the Company's sponsor, Trine Sponsor IH, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Sponsor"), generating gross proceeds of \$7,720,000, which is described in Note 4.

On March 29, 2019, in connection with the underwriters' election to fully exercise their over-allotment option, the Company sold an additional 3,915,000 Units at \$10.00 per Unit and sold an additional 783,000 Private Placement Warrants at \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, generating total gross proceeds of \$39,933,000. Following such closing, an additional \$39,150,000 of net proceeds (\$10.00 per Unit) was deposited in the Trust Account, resulting in \$300,150,000 (\$10.00 per Unit) held in the Trust Account.

Transaction costs amounted to \$17,082,640, consisting of \$6,003,000 of underwriting fees, \$10,505,250 of deferred underwriting fees and \$574,390 of other offering costs. In addition, as of September 30, 2020, cash of \$87,616 was held outside of the Trust Account (as defined below) and is available for working capital purposes.

The Trust Account

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering, an amount of \$300,150,000 (\$10.00 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants was placed in a trust account (the "Trust Account"), and invested only in U.S. government treasury bills with a maturity of one hundred eighty (180) days or less or in money market funds that meet certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and that invest only in direct U.S. government obligations. Funds will remain in the Trust Account until the earlier of (i) the consummation of the Initial Business Combination or (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account proceeds as described below. The remaining proceeds held outside the Trust Account may be used to pay for business, legal and accounting due diligence on prospective acquisitions and continuing general and administrative expenses.

The Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that, other than the withdrawal of interest to pay taxes, if any, none of the funds held in the Trust Account will be released until the earlier of: (i) the completion of the Initial Business Combination; (ii) the redemption of any shares of Class A common stock included in the Units (the "Public Shares") sold in the Initial Public Offering that have been properly tendered in connection with a stockholder vote to amend the Company's certificate of incorporation to modify the substance or timing of its obligation to redeem 100% of the Public Shares if it does not complete the Initial Business Combination by March 19, 2021 (the "Combination Period"); and (iii) the redemption of 100% of the Public Shares if the Company is unable to complete an Initial Business Combination within the Combination Period (subject to the requirements of law). The proceeds deposited in the Trust Account could become subject to the claims of the Company's creditors, if any, which could have priority over the claims of the Company's public stockholders.

Initial Business Combination

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of Private Placement Warrants, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating an Initial Business Combination. The Initial Business Combination must be with one or more target businesses that together have an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the assets held in the Trust Account (excluding deferred underwriting fees and taxes payable) at the time of the agreement to enter into the Initial Business Combination. Furthermore, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect an Initial Business Combination.

NYSE rules require that the Company must complete one or more business combinations having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the value of the assets held in the Trust Account (excluding deferred underwriting fees and taxes payable) at the time of the signing a definitive agreement in connection with an Initial Business Combination. The Company's board of directors will make the determination as to the fair market value of the Initial Business Combination. If the Company's board of directors is not able to independently determine the fair market value of an Initial Business Combination, then Company will obtain an opinion from an independent investment banking firm or another independent entity that commonly renders valuation opinions with respect to the satisfaction of such criteria. While the Company considers it unlikely that its board of directors will not be able to make an independent determination of the fair market value of an Initial Business Combination, it may be unable to do so if it is less familiar or experienced with the business of a particular target or if there is a significant amount of uncertainty as to the value of a target's assets or prospects.

The Company, after signing a definitive agreement for an Initial Business Combination, will either (i) seek stockholder approval of the Initial Business Combination at a meeting called for such purpose in connection with which stockholders may seek to redeem their Public Shares, regardless of whether they vote for or against the Initial Business Combination, for cash equal to their pro rata share of the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account as of two business days prior to the consummation of the Initial Business Combination, including interest but less taxes payable, or (ii) provide stockholders with the opportunity to sell their Public Shares to the Company by means of a tender offer (and thereby avoid the need for a stockholder vote) for an amount in cash equal to their pro rata share of the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account as of two business days prior to the consummation of the Initial Business Combination, including interest but less taxes payable. The decision as to whether the Company will seek stockholder approval of the Initial Business Combination or will allow stockholders to sell their Public Shares in a tender offer will be made by the Company, solely in its discretion, and will be based on a variety of factors such as the timing of the transaction and whether the terms of the transaction would otherwise require the Company to seek stockholder approval, unless a vote is required by law or under NYSE rules. If the Company seeks stockholder approval, it will complete its Initial Business Combination only if a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock voted are voted in favor of the Initial Business Combination. However, in no event will the Company redeem its Public Shares in an amount that would cause its net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 upon consummation of the Initial Business Combination. In such case, the Company would not proceed with the redemption of its Public Shares and the related Initial Business Combination, and instead may sea

If the Company holds a stockholder vote or there is a tender offer for shares in connection with an Initial Business Combination, a public stockholder will have the right to redeem its Public Shares for an amount in cash equal to its pro rata share of the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account as of two business days prior to the consummation of the Initial Business Combination, including interest but less taxes payable.

Pursuant to the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation, if the Company is unable to complete the Initial Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, subject to lawfully available funds therefor, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay taxes (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish public stockholders rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any), subject to applicable law, and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining stockholders and the Company's board of directors, dissolve and liquidate, subject in each case to the Company's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. The Sponsor and the Company's officers and directors entered into a letter agreement (the "Letter Agreement") with the Company, pursuant to which they agreed to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to any Founder Shares (as defined below) held by them if the Company fails to complete the Initial Business Combination within the Prescribed time period.

In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company after an Initial Business Combination, the Company's stockholders are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining available for distribution to them after payment of liabilities and after provision is made for each class of stock, if any, having preference over the common stock. The Company's stockholders have no preemptive or other subscription rights. There are no sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock, except that the Company will provide its stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares for cash equal to their pro rata share of the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, upon the completion of the Initial Business Combination, subject to the limitations described herein.

Risks and Uncertainties

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic which continues to spread throughout the United States and the World. As of the date the financial statements were available to be issued, there was considerable uncertainty around the expected duration of this pandemic. We have concluded that while it is reasonably possible that COVID-19 could have a negative effect on identifying a target company for a Business Combination, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of these financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 2 - Liquidity and Going Concern

As of September 30, 2020, the Company had \$87,616 in its operating bank account, \$305,409,720 in securities held in the Trust Account to be used for a Business Combination or to repurchase or redeem the Public Shares in connection therewith and a working capital deficit of \$2,427,730. As of September 30, 2020, approximately \$5,260,000 of the amount on deposit in the Trust Account represented interest income, which is available to pay the Company's tax obligations, if any.

Until the consummation of a Business Combination, the Company will be using the funds not held in the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate prospective acquisition candidates, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, plants or similar locations of prospective target businesses, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, select the target business to acquire and structure, negotiate and complete a Business Combination.

On February 24, 2020, the Company issued the Sponsor a convertible promissory note, pursuant to which the Company borrowed an aggregate amount of \$1,500,000. Of such amount \$1,285,415 was used to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination. The loan is non-interest bearing and due upon an Initial Business Combination (see Note 6). The loans are convertible into warrants, at a price of \$1.00 per warrant at the option of the Sponsor. Such warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants.

The Company will need to raise additional capital through loans or additional investments from its Sponsor, an affiliate of the Sponsor, or the Company's officer and directors. The Company's Sponsor, an affiliate of the Sponsor, or the Company's officer and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required. Accordingly, the Company may not be able to obtain additional financing. If the Company is unable to raise additional capital, it may be required to take additional measures to conserve liquidity, which could include, but not necessarily be limited to, suspending the pursuit of a potential transaction. The Company cannot provide any assurance that new financing will be available to it on commercially acceptable terms, if at all. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern through March 19, 2021, which is the date the Company is required to cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up if it has not completed a Business Combination. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Note 3 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X of the SEC. Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of a normal recurring nature, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, operating results and cash flows for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 as filed with the SEC on March 26, 2020, which contains the audited financial statements and notes thereto. The financial information as of December 31, 2019 is derived from the audited financial statements presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. The interim results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2020 or for any future interim periods.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Emerging Growth Company

Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such an election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard.

This may make comparison of the Company's financial statements with another public company, which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period, difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Marketable Securities Held in Trust Account

At September 30, 2020, substantially all of the assets held in the Trust Account were held in money market funds, which are invested in U.S. Treasury securities. At December 31, 2019, substantially all of the assets held in the Trust Account were held in U.S. Treasury Bills.

Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company accounts for its common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. The Company's common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to the occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, common stock subject to possible redemption is presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Income Taxes

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes under ASC 740, "Income Taxes." Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that included the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. There were no unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. No amounts were accrued for the payment of interest and penalties at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position. The Company is subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities since inception. The effective tax rate differs from the statutory tax rate of 21% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 primarily due to the non-deductibility of transactional expenses incurred in connection with the search for potential targets for a Business Combination, as well as the valuation allowance recorded against the Company's net operating losses.

Net Loss Per Common Share

Net loss per common share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. The Company applies the two-class method in calculating earnings per share. Shares of common stock subject to possible redemption at September 30, 2020 and 2019, which are not currently redeemable and are not redeemable at fair value, have been excluded from the calculation of basic loss per share since such shares, if redeemed, only participate in their pro rata share of the Trust Account earnings. The Company has not considered the effect of warrants sold in the Initial Public Offering and private placement to purchase 23,510,500 shares of common stock in the calculation of diluted loss per common share, since the exercise of the warrants is contingent upon the occurrence of future events. As a result, diluted net loss per common share is the same as basic net loss per common share for the periods presented.

Reconciliation of Net Loss Per Common Share

The Company's net (loss) income is adjusted for the portion of income that is attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption, as these shares only participate in the earnings of the Trust Account and not the income or losses of the Company. Accordingly, basic and diluted net loss per common share is calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Ended 30,		
		2020		2019		2020		2019
Net (loss) income	\$	(2,960,610)	\$	841,755	\$	(2,901,126)	\$	2,053,393
Less: Income attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption		_		(1,241,074)		(924,253)		(2,940,055)
Adjusted net loss	\$	(2,960,610)	\$	(399,319)	\$	(3,835,379)	\$	(886,662)
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	_	9,095,586		8,854,332	_	9,054,242		8,158,050
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$	(0.33)	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.42)	\$	(0.11)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of a cash account in a financial institution, which, at times may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Coverage of \$250,000. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company had not experienced losses on this account and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such account

Financial Instruments

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurement," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, primarily due to their short-term nature.

Recent Accounting Standards

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Risks and Uncertainties

Management continues to evaluate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the industry and has concluded that while it is reasonably possible that the virus could have a negative effect on the Company's financial position, results of its operations and/or search for a target company, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of these financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 4 — Initial Public Offering

Pursuant to the Initial Public Offering, the Company sold 30,015,000 Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit, which includes the full exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option in the amount of 3,915,000 Units at \$10.00 per Unit. Each Unit consists of one share of the Company's Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value, and one-half of one redeemable warrant (each, a "Warrant" and, collectively, the "Warrants"). Each whole Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share. No fractional warrants will be issued upon separation of the Units and only whole Warrants will trade. Each Warrant will become exercisable on the later of 30 days after the completion of the Company's Initial Business Combination or 12 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering, and will expire five years after the completion of the Company's Initial Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation. Once the Warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding Warrants in whole and not in part at a price of \$0.01 per Warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption, if and only if the last sale price of the Company's Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sent the notice of redemption to the Warrant holders.

Note 5 — Private Placement

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Sponsor purchased from the Company an aggregate of 7,720,000 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant, for an aggregate purchase price of \$7,720,000. On March 29, 2019, in connection with the underwriters' election to fully exercise their over-allotment option, the Company sold an additional 783,000 Private Placement Warrants to the Sponsor, at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, generating gross proceeds of \$783,000. Each whole Private Placement Warrant is exercisable for one whole share of the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share.

A portion of the purchase price of the Private Placement Warrants were added to the proceeds from the Initial Public Offering held in the Trust Account. If the Initial Business Combination is not completed within the Combination Period, the proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Warrants held in the Trust Account will be used to fund the redemption of the Public Shares (subject to the requirements of applicable law) and the Private Placement Warrants will expire worthless. The Private Placement Warrants will be non-redeemable and exercisable on a cashless basis so long as they are held by the Sponsor or its permitted transferees.

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions

Founder Shares

On October 17, 2018, the Company's initial sponsor, Trine Sponsor LLC (the "Initial Sponsor"), purchased 8,625,000 shares of Class B convertible common stock (the "Founder Shares") for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000, or approximately \$0.003 per share. As used herein, unless the context otherwise requires, "Founder Shares" shall be deemed to include the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon conversion thereof. On November 12, 2018, the Initial Sponsor transferred 25,000 shares of Class B common stock to each of Ms. Linden and Messrs. Nathanson, Zuaiter and Sander in compensation for their services as independent directors of the Company. In February 2019, the Initial Sponsor assigned 8,525,000 Founder Shares to the Sponsor. The Founder Shares are identical to the Class A common stock included in the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering except that the Founder Shares automatically convert into shares of Class A common stock at the time of the Company's Initial Business Combination and are subject to certain transfer restrictions, as described in more detail below. Holders of Founder Shares may also elect to convert their shares of Class B convertible common stock into an equal number of shares of Class A common stock, subject to adjustment as provided above, at any time. In February 2019, the Sponsor forfeited 1,437,500 Founder Shares and in March 2019, the Company effected a 1.044 for 1 stock dividend of the Class B convertible common stock, resulting in 7,503,750 Founder Shares issued and outstanding, of which an aggregate of up to 978,750 Founder Shares were subject to forfeiture to the extent that the over-allotment option was not exercised in full by the underwriters so that the Founder Shares would represent 20.0% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares after the Initial Public Offering. As a result of the underwriters' election to fully exercise their over-allotment option, 978,750 Founder Shares are no longer subject to forfeiture.

The Company's initial stockholders have agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell any of their Founder Shares until the earlier to occur of: (A) one year after the completion of the Initial Business Combination or (B) subsequent to the Initial Business Combination, (x) if the last sale price of the Company's Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after the Initial Business Combination, or (y) the date on which we complete a liquidation, merger, stock exchange or other similar transaction that results in all of the Company's stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of common stock for cash, securities or other property.

The Sponsor and the Company's officers and directors have agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell any of their Private Placement Warrants until 30 days after the completion of the Initial Business Combination. Pursuant to the Letter Agreement, the Sponsor and the Company's officers and directors have agreed to vote any Founder Shares held by them and any Public Shares purchased after Initial Public Offering (including in open market and privately negotiated transactions) in favor of an Initial Business Combination.

Related Party Advances

Through March 19, 2019, the Sponsor advanced an aggregate of \$150,000 to be used for the payment of costs related to the Initial Public Offering. The advances were non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand. The advances were repaid upon the consummation of the Initial Public Offering on March 19, 2019.

Promissory Note — Related Party

On October 17, 2018, the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company an aggregate of up to \$300,000 to cover expenses related to the Initial Public Offering pursuant to a promissory note (the "Note"). The Note was non-interest bearing and payable on the earlier of June 30, 2019 or the completion of the Initial Public Offering. The outstanding borrowings under the Note in the amount of \$299,000 were repaid upon the consummation of the Initial Public Offering on March 19, 2019.

Related Party Loans

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with an intended Initial Business Combination, the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds on a non-interest basis as may be required. If the Company completes its Initial Business Combination, it would repay such loaned amounts. In the event that the Company's Initial Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of the working capital held outside the Trust Account to repay such loaned amounts, but no proceeds from the Trust Account would be used for such repayment. Up to \$1,500,000 of such loans may be convertible into warrants, at a price of \$1.00 per warrant at the option of the lender. Such warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants, including as to exercise price, exercisability and exercise period. The Company does not expect to seek loans from parties other than the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor as it does not believe third parties will be willing to loan such funds and provide a waiver against any and all rights to seek access to funds in the Trust Account. No written agreements exist with respect to such loans.

On February 24, 2020, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note (the "Note") in the principal amount of \$1,500,000 to the Sponsor. The Note is non-interest bearing and payable upon the consummation of an Initial Business Combination. Up to \$1,500,000 of such loans may be convertible into warrants, at a price of \$1.00 per warrant at the option of the Sponsor. Such warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. As of September 30, 2020, there was \$1,285,415 outstanding under the Note.

The Company may pay HPS Investment Partners, LLC ("HPS") or the HPS Funds, entities affiliated with one of the Company's directors, fees in connection with potentially providing financing or other investments in connection with the Initial Business Combination. The amount of any fees the Company pays to HPS or the HPS Funds will be subject to the review of the Company's audit committee pursuant to the audit committee's policies and procedures relating to transactions that may present conflicts of interest.

Executive Compensation

In November 2018, the Company agreed to pay its Chief Financial Officer a fee of approximately \$16,667 per month. In March 2019, such amount increased to \$25,000 per month, which will be payable until the earlier of the consummation of an Initial Business Combination or the Company's liquidation. For each of the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company incurred \$75,000 in fees. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company incurred \$150,000 and \$204,167 in fees, respectively.

Administrative Support Agreement

The Company entered into an agreement whereby, commencing on March 14, 2019 through the earlier of the Company's consummation of an Initial Business Combination or the Company's liquidation, to pay an affiliate of the Sponsor \$35,000 per month for office space, utilities and secretarial and administrative support. For each of the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company incurred \$105,000 in fees for these services. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company incurred \$315,000 and \$227,500 in fees for these services, respectively. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, \$280,828 and \$103,330 of such fees are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, respectively.

Note 7 — Commitments and Contingencies

Contingent Fee Arrangement

In October 2018, the Company agreed to pay its President a fee of \$12,500 per month. One-half of the fee became payable upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering and the other one-half of the fee will accrue and become payable on the consummation of the Initial Business Combination. As of September 30, 2020, the Company incurred \$150,000 in fees related to the portion that became payable upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering. If the Company does not consummate an Initial Business Combination, the Company will not be required to pay the contingent fees that will become payable on the consummation of the Initial Business Combination. As of September 30, 2020, the amount of these contingent fees was \$150,000.

(Unaudited)

In August 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with a placement agent to for services related to proposed capital raised in connection with the proposed acquisition of Desktop Metal (the "Private Placement"). As compensation for these services, the Company has agreed to pay a fee of 3.0% of the gross proceeds of the Private Placement and in addition, may elect to pay a discretionary fee of up 2.0% of the gross proceeds rase in the event the Private Placement is completed to the Company's satisfaction, Payment for these services are payable upon the consummation of the Business Combination.

Registration Rights

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement entered into on March 14, 2019, the holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants (and their underlying securities) and any Units that may be issued upon conversion of working capital loans, if any, are entitled to registration rights (in the case of the Founder Shares, only after conversion of such shares to shares of Class A common stock) pursuant to a registration rights agreement. These holders are entitled to certain demand and "piggyback" registration rights.

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and Warrants that may be issued upon conversion of working capital loans will not be able to sell these securities until the termination of the applicable lock-up period for the securities to be registered. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The underwriters were paid cash underwriting discount of \$0.20 per Unit, or \$6,003,000 in the aggregate. In addition, the underwriters are entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$10,505,250 in the aggregate. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event the Company completes its Initial Business Combination. If the Company does not complete an Initial Business Combination and subsequently liquidates, the trustee and the underwriters have agreed that (i) they will forfeit any rights or claims to their deferred underwriting fees, including any accrued interest thereon, then in the Trust Account upon liquidation, and (ii) that the deferred underwriters' fees will be distributed on a pro rata basis, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its taxes to the public stockholders.

Merger Agreement

On August 26, 2020, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Merger Sub and Desktop Metal. Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, a business combination between the Company and Desktop Metal will be effected through the merger of Merger Sub with and into Desktop Metal, with Desktop Metal surviving the merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Merger").

At the effective time of the Merger (the "Effective Time"), each share of Desktop Metal preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share ("Desktop Metal preferred stock"), and each share of Desktop Metal common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share ("Desktop Metal common stock"), will be converted into the right to receive such number of shares of Company's Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Common Stock") equal to the Per Share Preferred Stock Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement) or the Per Share Common Stock Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement), as applicable. Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, the Company is required to use reasonable best efforts to cause the Common Stock to be issued in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement (the "Transactions") to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") prior to the closing of the Merger (the "Closing").

The Merger Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants by the parties thereto and the Closing is subject to certain conditions as further described in the Merger Agreement.

Note 8 — Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of \$0.0001 par value preferred stock with such designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Company's board of directors. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, there were no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

Common Stock

The authorized common stock of the Company includes up to 100,000,000 shares of Class A, \$0.0001 par value, common stock and 10,000,000 shares of Class B, \$0.0001 par value convertible common stock. The shares of Class B common stock will automatically convert into shares of Class A common stock at the time of the Initial Business Combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like, and subject to further adjustment as provided herein. If the Company enters into an Initial Business Combination, it may (depending on the terms of such an Initial Business Combination) be required to increase the number of shares of Class A common stock which the Company is authorized to issue at the same time as the Company's stockholders vote on the Initial Business Combination, to the extent the Company seeks stockholder approval in connection with the Initial Business Combination. Holders of the Company's common stock are entitled to one vote for each share of common stock. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, there were 1,885,388 and 1,510,538 shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding, excluding 28,129,612 and 28,504,462 shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption, respectively, and 7,503,750 shares of Class B convertible common stock issued and outstanding.

Warrants

Each warrant is exercisable to purchase one share of the Company's Class A common stock.

The Public Warrants will become exercisable on the later of (a) 30 days after the completion of an Initial Business Combination or (b) 12 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering; provided in each case that the Company has an effective registration statement under the Securities Act covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants and a current prospectus relating to them is available. The Company has agreed that as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 15 business days after the closing of an Initial Business Combination, the Company will use its best efforts to file with the SEC a registration statement for the registration, under the Securities Act, of the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants. The Company will use its best efforts to cause the same to become effective and to maintain a current prospectus relating to those shares of Class A common stock until the warrants expire or are redeemed, as specified in the warrant agreement. If a registration statement covering the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is not effective by the 60 the business day after the closing of an Initial Business Combination, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company will have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise warrants on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act or another exemption. Notwithstanding the above, if the Class A common stock is at the time of any exercise of a warrant not listed on a national securities exchange such that it satisfies the definition of a "covered security" under Section 18(b)(1) of the Securities Act, the Company may, at its option, require holders of Public Warrants who exercise their warrants to do so on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act and, in the event the Company so elects, the C

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the Public Warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption; and
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the Company's Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending three business days before the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders.
- If, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of Class A common stock underlying such warrants.

The Private Placement Warrants are identical to the Public Warrants underlying the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering, except that the Private Placement Warrants and the Class A common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Placement Warrants will not be transferable, assignable or salable until 30 days after the completion of an Initial Business Combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Additionally, the Private Placement Warrants will be exercisable on a cashless basis and be non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees. If the Private Placement Warrants are held by someone other than the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees, the Private Placement Warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by such holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants.

In addition, if the Company issues additional shares of common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of an Initial Business Combination at a newly issued price of less than \$9.20 per share of common stock (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors, and in the case of any such issuance to the Company's initial stockholders or their respective affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by them, as applicable, prior to such issuance), the exercise price of the Public Warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the newly issued price.

If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis," as described in the warrant agreement. The exercise price and number of shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, the warrants will not be adjusted for issuance of Class A common stock at a price below its exercise price. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the warrants. If the Company is unable to complete an Initial Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless.

Note 9 — Fair Value Measurements

The Company follows the guidance in ASC 820 for its financial assets and liabilities that are re-measured and reported at fair value at each reporting period, and non-financial assets and liabilities that are re-measured and reported at fair value at least annually.

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities reflects management's estimate of amounts that the Company would have received in connection with the sale of the assets or paid in connection with the transfer of the liabilities in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In connection with measuring the fair value of its assets and liabilities, the Company seeks to maximize the use of observable inputs (market data obtained from independent sources) and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs (internal assumptions about how market participants would price assets and liabilities). The following fair value hierarchy is used to classify assets and liabilities based on the observable inputs and unobservable inputs used in order to value the assets and liabilities:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. An active market for an asset or liability is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs. Examples of Level 2 inputs include quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities and quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs based on the Company's assessment of the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

Description	Level	Se	2020	 2019
Assets:				
Marketable securities held in Trust Account	1	\$	305,409,720	\$ 304,528,924

Note 10 — Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date that the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements were issued. Based upon this review, the Company did not identify any subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References in this report (the "Quarterly Report") to "we," "us" or the "Company" refer to Trine Acquisition Corp. References to our "management" or our "management team" refer to our officers and directors, and references to the "Sponsor" refer Trine Sponsor IH LLC. The following discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act that are not historical facts and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected and projected. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report including, without limitation, statements in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" regarding the Company's financial position, business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "seek" and variations and similar words and expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance, but reflect management's current beliefs, based on information currently available. A number of factors could cause actual events, performance or results to differ materially from the events, performance and results discussed in the forward-looking statements. For information identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements, please refer to the Risk Factors section of this Quarterly Report and the Risk Factors section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. The Company's securities filings can be accessed on the EDGAR section of the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Except as expressly required by applicable securities law, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

We are a blank check company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware on September 26, 2018 for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar Initial Business Combination with one or more target businesses. We intend to effectuate our Initial Business Combination n using cash from the proceeds of our Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants that occurred simultaneously with the completion of our Initial Public Offering, our capital stock, debt or a combination of cash, stock and debt.

The issuance of additional shares in connection with an Initial Business Combination to the owners of the target or other investors:

- may significantly dilute the equity interest of investors, which dilution would increase if the anti-dilution provisions in the Class B common stock resulted in the
 issuance of Class A shares on a greater than one-to-one basis upon conversion of the Class B common stock;
- may subordinate the rights of holders of our common stock if preferred stock is issued with rights senior to those afforded our common stock;
- could cause a change in control if a substantial number of shares of our common stock is issued, which may affect, among other things, our ability to use our net operating loss carry forwards, if any, and could result in the resignation or removal of our present officers and directors;
- may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control of us by diluting the stock ownership or voting rights of a person seeking to obtain control of us;
 and
- may adversely affect prevailing market prices for our Class A common stock and/or warrants.

Similarly, if we issue debt securities or otherwise incur significant debt to bank or other lenders or the owners of a target, it could result in:

- default and foreclosure on our assets if our operating revenues after an Initial Business Combination are insufficient to repay our debt obligations;
- acceleration of our obligations to repay the indebtedness even if we make all principal and interest payments when due if we breach certain covenants that require the maintenance of certain financial ratios or reserves without a waiver or renegotiation of that covenant;

- our immediate payment of all principal and accrued interest, if any, if the debt security is payable on demand;
- our inability to obtain necessary additional financing if the debt security contains covenants restricting our ability to obtain such financing while the debt security
 is outstanding;
- our inability to pay dividends on our common stock;
- using a substantial portion of our cash flow to pay principal and interest on our debt, which will reduce the funds available for dividends on our common stock if declared, our ability to pay expenses, make capital expenditures and acquisitions, and fund other general corporate purposes;
- limitations on our flexibility in planning for and reacting to changes in our business and in the industry in which we operate;
- · increased vulnerability to adverse changes in general economic, industry and competitive conditions and adverse changes in government regulation;
- limitations on our ability to borrow additional amounts for expenses, capital expenditures, acquisitions, debt service requirements, and execution of our strategy;
 and
- other purposes and other disadvantages compared to our competitors who have less debt.

We expect to continue to incur significant costs in the pursuit of our acquisition plans. We cannot assure you that our plans to complete an Initial Business Combination will be successful.

Recent Developments

On August 26, 2020, we entered into the Merger Agreement with Merger Sub and Desktop Metal. Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, a business combination between us and Desktop Metal will be effected through the merger of Merger Sub with and into Desktop Metal, with Desktop Metal surviving the merger as our wholly owned subsidiary (the "Merger"). See Note 7 to Item 1 above for a description of the Merger Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereby.

Results of Operations

We have neither engaged in any operations nor generated any revenues to date. Our only activities from inception to September 30, 2020 were organizational activities and those necessary to prepare for the Initial Public Offering, described below, and, after our Initial Public Offering, identifying a target company for an Initial Business Combination. We do not expect to generate any operating revenues until after the completion of our Initial Business Combination. We generate non-operating income in the form of interest income on marketable securities held in the Trust Account. We are incurring expenses as a result of being a public company (for legal, financial reporting, accounting and auditing compliance), as well as for due diligence expenses.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, we had a net loss of \$2,960,610, which consisted of operating costs of \$3,040,133, offset by interest income on marketable securities held in the Trust Account of \$27,625 and an income tax benefit of \$51,898.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had a net loss of \$2,901,126, which consisted of interest income on marketable securities held in the Trust Account of \$1,111,200, offset by operating costs of \$4,047,981 and an income tax benefit of \$35,655.

For the three months ended September 30, 2019, we had net income of \$841,755 which consisted of interest income on marketable securities held in the Trust Account of \$1,754,117 and an unrealized gain on marketable securities held in our Trust Account of \$178,078, operating costs of \$510,526 and a provision for income taxes of \$223,758.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, we had net income of \$2,053,393, which consisted of interest income on marketable securities held in the Trust Account of \$3,756,180 and an unrealized gain on marketable securities held in our Trust Account of \$24,710, offset by operating costs of \$1,181,659 and a provision for income taxes of \$545,838.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On March 19, 2019, we consummated the Initial Public Offering of 26,100,000 Units at a price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$261,000,000. Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, we consummated the sale of 7,720,000 Private Placement Warrants to the Sponsor at a price of \$1.00 per warrant, generating gross proceeds of \$7,720,000.

On March 29, 2019, in connection with the underwriters' election to fully exercise of their over-allotment option, we consummated the sale of an additional 3,915,000 Units and the sale of an additional 783,000 Private Placement Warrants, generating total gross proceeds of \$39,933,000.

Following the Initial Public Offering, the exercise of the over-allotment option and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, a total of \$300,150,000 was placed in the Trust Account. We incurred \$17,082,640 in transaction costs, including \$6,003,000 of underwriting fees, \$10,505,250 of deferred underwriting fees and \$574,390 of other offering costs.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, cash used in operating activities was \$1,566,736, which was comprised of a net loss of \$2,901,126, interest earned on marketable securities held in the Trust Account of \$1,111,200, a deferred tax benefit of \$35,655 and changes in operating assets and liabilities, which used \$2,481,245 of cash from operating activities.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, cash used in operating activities was \$2,248,057, which was comprised of net income of \$2,053,393, interest earned on marketable securities held in the Trust Account of \$3,756,180, an unrealized gain on marketable securities held in our Trust Account of \$24,710, deferred income taxes of \$5,189 and changes in operating assets and liabilities, which used \$525,749 of cash from operating activities.

As of September 30, 2020, we had marketable securities held in the Trust Account of \$305,409,720 (including approximately \$5,230,000 of interest income and unrealized gains) consisting of cash and U.S. Treasury Bills with a maturity of 180 days or less. Interest income on the balance in the Trust Account may be used by us to pay taxes. Through September 30, 2020, we withdrew \$1,163,404 of interest earned on the Trust Account to pay income taxes, of which \$230,404 amounts were withdrawn during the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

We intend to use substantially all of the funds held in the Trust Account, including any amounts representing interest earned on the Trust Account (less deferred underwriting commissions) to complete our Initial Business Combination. To the extent that our capital stock or debt is used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete our Initial Business Combination, the remaining proceeds held in the Trust Account will be used as working capital to finance the operations of the target business or businesses, make other acquisitions and pursue our growth strategies.

At September 30, 2020, we had cash of \$87,616 held outside the Trust Account. We intend to use the funds held outside the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate target businesses, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, plants or similar locations of prospective target businesses or their representatives or owners, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, and structure, negotiate and complete an Initial Business Combination.

On February 24, 2020, we issued a Note in the principal amount of up to \$1,500,000 to our Sponsor. The Note bears no interest and is repayable in full upon consummation of our Initial Business Combination. The Sponsor has the option to convert any unpaid balance of the Note into Working Capital Warrants equal to the principal amount of the Note so converted divided by \$1.00. The terms of any such Working Capital Warrants will be identical to the terms of the Private Placement Warrants. If we complete an Initial Business Combination, we would repay such loaned amounts to the extent they are not converted into Working Capital Warrants. In the event that an Initial Business Combination does not close, we may use a portion of the working capital held outside the Trust Account to repay such loaned amounts but no proceeds from our Trust Account would be used for such repayment. As of September 30, 2020, we borrowed an aggregate amount of \$1,285,415 under the Note.

As of September 30, 2020, we had \$87,616 in cash and a working capital deficit of \$2,427,730. We have not generated operating revenues, nor do we expect to generate operating revenues until the consummation of a Business Combination. Until the consummation of a Business Combination, we will be using the funds not held in the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate prospective acquisition candidates, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, plants or similar locations of prospective target businesses, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, select the target business to acquire and structure, negotiate and complete a Business Combination. Our Sponsor or an affiliate of our Sponsor or certain of our officers and directors are not under any obligation to advance us funds, or to invest in us. Accordingly, we may not be able to obtain additional financing. If we are unable to raise additional capital, we may be required to take additional measures to conserve liquidity, which could include, but not necessarily be limited to, suspending the pursuit of a potential transaction. We cannot provide any assurance that new financing will be available to us on commercially acceptable terms, if at all. These conditions raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no obligations, assets or liabilities, which would be considered off-balance sheet arrangements as of September 30, 2020. We do not participate in transactions that create relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, often referred to as variable interest entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements. We have not entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements, established any special purpose entities, guaranteed any debt or commitments of other entities, or purchased any non-financial assets.

Contractual Obligations

We do not have any long-term debt, capital lease obligations, operating lease obligations or long-term liabilities, other than an agreement to pay an affiliate of the Sponsor a monthly fee of \$35,000 for office space, utilities and secretarial and administrative support. We began incurring these fees on March 14, 2019 and will continue to incur these fees monthly until the earlier of the completion of the Initial Business Combination and the Company's liquidation.

The underwriters are entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$10,505,250 in the aggregate. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event we complete an Initial Business Combination. If we do not complete an Initial Business Combination and subsequently liquidate, the trustee and the underwriters have agreed that (i) they will forfeit any rights or claims to their deferred underwriting discounts and commissions, including any accrued interest thereon, then in the Trust Account upon liquidation, and (ii) that the deferred underwriters' discounts and commissions will be distributed on a pro rata basis, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to us to pay taxes to the public stockholders.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and income and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. We have identified the following critical accounting policies:

Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption

We account for our common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within our control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. Our common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of our control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, common stock subject to possible redemption is presented at redemption value as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Net Loss Per Common Share

We apply the two-class method in calculating earnings per share. Shares of common stock subject to possible redemption which are not currently redeemable and are not redeemable at fair value, have been excluded from the calculation of basic net loss per share since such shares, if redeemed, only participate in their pro rata share of the Trust Account earnings. Our net income is adjusted for the portion of income that is attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption, as these shares only participate in the earnings of the Trust Account and not our income or losses.

Recent Accounting Standards

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Following the consummation of our Initial Public Offering, the net proceeds of our Initial Public Offering, including amounts in the Trust Account, may be invested in U.S. government treasury bills, notes or bonds with a maturity of 180 days or less or in certain money market funds that invest solely in US treasuries. Due to the short-term nature of these investments, we believe there will be no associated material exposure to interest rate risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2020, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer have concluded that during the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the most recently completed fiscal quarter, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this report include the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the SEC on March 26, 2020. As of the date of this Report, other than as described below, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report filed with the SEC.

The securities in which we invest the funds held in the Trust Account could bear a negative rate of interest, which could reduce the value of the assets held in trust such that the per-share redemption amount received by public stockholders may be less than \$10.00 per share.

The proceeds held in the Trust Account are invested only in U.S. government treasury obligations with a maturity of 180 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act, which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations. While short-term U.S. government treasury obligations currently yield a positive rate of interest, they have briefly yielded negative interest rates in recent years. Central banks in Europe and Japan pursued interest rates below zero in recent years, and the Open Market Committee of the Federal Reserve has not ruled out the possibility that it may in the future adopt similar policies in the United States. In the event that we are unable to complete our initial business combination or make certain amendments to our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, our public stockholders are entitled to receive their pro-rate share of the proceeds held in the Trust Account, plus any interest income not released to us, net of taxes payable. Negative interest rates could impact the per-share redemption amount that may be received by public stockholders.

Our search for a business combination, and any target business with which we ultimately consummate a business combination, may be materially adversely affected by the recent coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization officially declared the outbreak of the COVID-19 a "pandemic." A significant outbreak of COVID-19 and other infectious diseases could result in a widespread health crisis that could adversely affect the economies and financial markets worldwide, and the business of any potential target business with which we consummate a business combination could be materially and adversely affected. Furthermore, we may be unable to complete a business combination if continued concerns relating to COVID-19 restrict travel, limit the ability to have meetings with potential investors or the target company's personnel, vendors and services providers are unavailable to negotiate and consummate a transaction in a timely manner. The extent to which COVID-19 impacts our search for a business combination will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of COVID-19 and the actions to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact, among others. If the disruptions posed by COVID-19 or other matters of global concern continue for an extensive period of time, our ability to consummate a business combination, or the operations of a target business with which we ultimately consummate a business combination, may be materially adversely affected.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

On March 19, 2019, we consummated our Initial Public Offering of 26,100,000 Units. On March 29, 2019, in connection with underwriters' election to fully exercise their overallotment option, we sold an additional 3,915,000 Units. The Units were sold at an offering price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating total gross proceeds of \$300,150,000. BTIG, LLC and Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. acted as the joint book running managers of the offering and I-Bankers Securities, Inc. acted as co-manager. The securities sold in the offering were registered under the Securities Act on registration statements on Form S-1 (Nos. 333-229853 and 333-230295). The SEC declared the registration statement (File No. 333-230295) effective on March 14, 2019.

Simultaneously with the consummation of the Initial Public Offering and the over-allotment option, we consummated a private placement of \$,503,000 Private Placement Warrants to our Sponsor at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, generating total proceeds of \$8,503,000. Such securities were issued pursuant to the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

The Private Placement Warrants are identical to the warrants underlying the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering, except that the Private Placement Warrants are not transferable, assignable or salable until after the completion of an Initial Business Combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Additionally, the Private Warrants are exercisable on a cashless basis and are non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees.

Of the gross proceeds received from the Initial Public Offering and the full exercise of the over-allotment option, \$300,150,000 was placed in the Trust Account.

We paid a total of \$6,003,000 underwriting discounts and commissions and \$574,390 for other costs and expenses related to the Initial Public Offering. In addition, the underwriters agreed to defer \$10,505,250 in underwriting discounts and commissions.

For a description of the use of the proceeds generated in our Initial Public Offering, see Part I, Item 2 of this Form 10-Q.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

No.	Description of Exhibit
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
	of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
	<u>of 2002</u>
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

^{*} Filed herewith.

^{**} Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TRINE ACQUISITION CORP.

Date: November 16, 2020 By: /s/ Leo Hindery, Jr.

Name: Leo Hindery, Jr

Chief Executive Officer Title:

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 16, 2020 By: /s/ Pierre M. Henry

Name: Pierre M. Henry
Title: Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Leo Hindery, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Trine Acquisition Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; and
 - b) (Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238/34-47986 and 33-8392/34-49313);
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 16, 2020

/s/ Leo Hindery, Jr.
Leo Hindery, Jr.
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Pierre M. Henry, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Trine Acquisition Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; and
 - b) (Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238/34-47986 and 33-8392/34-49313);
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 16, 2020

/s/ Pierre M. Henry
Pierre M. Henry
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Trine Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Leo Hindery, Jr., Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as added by §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. To my knowledge, the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

Date: November 16, 2020

Leo Hindery, Jr. Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Leo Hindery, Jr.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Trine Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Pierre M. Henry, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as added by §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. To my knowledge, the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

Date: November 16, 2020

/s/ Pierre M. Henry
Pierre M. Henry
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)